



# CITY OF GILLETTE

## Administration

201 E. 5th Street • Gillette, Wyoming 82716  
Phone 307.686.5203 • Fax 307.686.1593  
[www.gillettewy.gov](http://www.gillettewy.gov)

### MEMORANDUM

**TO:** Mayor and Members of the City Council  
**FROM:** Patrick G. Davidson, City Administrator  
**RE:** General Information  
**DATE:** April 3, 2020

The following meetings are scheduled for the week of **April 4 - April 10, 2020**

#### Tuesday, April 7<sup>th</sup>

- 6:00 p.m. City Council Pre-Meeting, Agenda Attached - **Canceled**
- 7:00 p.m. City Council Meeting
  - **Teleconference Meeting**
  - **Meeting can be viewed on GPA Channel 192 or live streaming at [gillettewy.gov/gpa](http://gillettewy.gov/gpa)**

1. Attached please find a **Second Continuation of Statewide Public Health Order Closing Bars, Restaurants, Theaters, Gymnasiums, Child Care Facilities, K-12 Schools, Colleges, Universities, and Trade Schools Statewide** dated **April 3, 2020** provided by the **Office of Governor Mark Gordon**.
2. Attached please find a **Second Continuation of Statewide Public Health Order #2: Forbidding Gatherings of Ten (10) People of More** dated **April 3, 2020** provided by the **Office of Governor Mark Gordon**.
3. Attached please find a **Second Continuation of Statewide Public Health Order #3: Temporary Closure of Nail Salons, Hair Salons, Barber Shops, Massage Therapy Services, Tattoo, Body Art and Piercing Shops, and Cosmetology, Electrology, and Esthetic Services** dated **April 3, 2020** provided by the **Office of Governor Mark Gordon**.
4. Attached please find a **State of Wyoming Executive Department Executive Order 2020-5** dated **March 30, 2020** provided by the **Office of Governor Mark Gordon**.
5. Attached please find a **news release** regarding **Update on 2020 Census Field Operations** dated **March 28, 2020** provided by the **United States Census Bureau**.
6. Attached please find **information** regarding **SBA Disaster Assistance in Response to the Coronavirus** provided by the **U.S. Small Business Administration**.
7. Attached please find an **Economic Summary: 4Q2019** dated **March 2020** provided by **The State of Wyoming Department of Administration & Information**.
8. Attached please find **information** regarding **Shopping Guidelines at Walmart Grocery Stores** dated **March 31, 2020** provided by **Walmart Director of Public Affairs and State & Local Government Relations Debbie Herron**.

PGD/adw



# CITY OF GILLETTE

Finance Department - City Clerk Division  
Cindy Staskiewicz, City Clerk  
201 E. 5th Street • Gillette, Wyoming 82716  
Phone 307.686.5210 • Fax 307.686.4081  
clerk@gillettewy.gov

**Pre-Meeting – CANCELED**

**Tuesday, April 7, 2020**

**Pre-Meeting Topic(s):**

Meeting canceled. Regular Council meeting will be via teleconference at 7:00 p.m.

**SECOND CONTINUATION OF STATEWIDE PUBLIC HEALTH ORDER  
CLOSING BARS, RESTAURANTS, THEATERS, GYMNASIUMS, CHILD CARE  
FACILITIES, K-12 SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, UNIVERSITIES, AND TRADE  
SCHOOLS STATEWIDE**

In an effort to stop the spread of the coronavirus (COVID-19), the Wyoming Department of Health finds it necessary to protect the health of the public by implementing emergency measures to close all restaurants, bars, theaters, gymnasiums, child care facilities, K-12 schools, colleges, universities, and trade schools, in the State of Wyoming, with certain exceptions. This Order is effective immediately, and shall remain in effect through April 30, 2020, unless the Wyoming Department of Health revokes or extends this Order before April 30, 2020.

**FINDINGS**

1. COVID-19 was first detected in Wuhan, China in 2019, and since then has spread to over 60 countries including the United States. There are 150 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in Wyoming as of April 2, 2020, as well as the presence of community spread. It is expected that more cases will be diagnosed.
2. COVID-19 is a respiratory illness, transmitted through person-to-person contact or by contact with surfaces contaminated with the virus. Persons infected with COVID-19 may become symptomatic two to fourteen days after exposure. The symptoms of COVID-19 include fever, cough, and shortness of breath. In some cases, COVID-19 can result in severe disease including hospitalization, admission to an intensive care unit, and death, especially among older adults and persons with serious underlying health conditions.
3. The World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a worldwide pandemic as of March 11, 2020.
4. On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared a national emergency concerning the coronavirus, specifically stating that, in "December 2019 a novel (new) coronavirus known as SARS-CoV-2 ("the virus") was first detected in Wuhan, Hubei Province, People's Republic of China, causing outbreaks of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) that has now spread globally [...] The spread of COVID-19 within our Nation's communities threatens to strain our Nation's healthcare systems. [...] Additional measures [...] are needed to successfully contain and combat the virus in the United States."
5. On March 13, 2020, Wyoming Governor Mark Gordon declared a State of Emergency and Public Health Emergency in the State of Wyoming, stating that on March 11, 2020, an individual within the State of Wyoming tested presumptive positive for COVID-19 and the State of Wyoming is experiencing a public health emergency in response to the evolving COVID-19 outbreak.
6. Governor Gordon's Declaration of a State of Emergency and Public Health Emergency directs the Wyoming Department of Health to take all appropriate and necessary actions, and that in the judgment of the Director of the Wyoming Department of Health, any actions necessary should be taken to provide aid to those locations where there is a threat or danger to public health, safety, and welfare.
7. The guidelines issued from the White House on March 16, 2020, specify that with evidence of community transmission within a state, bars, restaurants, food courts, gyms, and other indoor and outdoor venues where groups of people congregate should be closed.
8. A significant number of Wyoming citizens are at risk of serious health complications, including death, from COVID-19. Although most individuals who contract COVID-19 do not become seriously ill, people with mild symptoms, and even asymptomatic persons with COVID-19, place other vulnerable members of the public at significant risk.

9. Counties in Wyoming have requested orders of this kind following the White House guidelines, and the best manner of protecting the health of the citizens of Wyoming is through a consistent order spanning the entire State.
10. A large number of persons with serious infections has the ability to compromise the ability of healthcare systems in Wyoming to deliver the necessary healthcare to the public.
11. Wyoming Statute §§ 35-1-240(a)(i) and (iv) provides all the rights and powers for the Wyoming Department of Health, through the State Health Officer, Dr. Alexia Harrist, M.D., PhD, or under her directive through other employees of the Wyoming Department of Health, to close theaters, schools, and other public places, and forbid public gatherings when necessary to protect the public health.
12. In addition to the above findings, stopping the spread of COVID-19 includes washing hands often, practicing social distancing by avoiding close contact with others, staying at least six feet away from someone who is ill or showing signs of illness, avoiding touching your face, eyes, nose and mouth, and covering your cough or sneeze into your elbow or by using a tissue.

### ORDER

1. The following places of public accommodation are ordered closed to ingress, egress, use, and occupancy by members of the public:
  - a. Restaurants, food courts, cafes, coffeehouses, and other similar places of public accommodation offering food or beverage for on-premises consumption;
  - b. Bars, taverns, brew pubs, breweries, microbreweries, distillery pubs, wineries, tasting rooms, special licensees, clubs, and other places of public accommodation offering alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption;
  - c. Cigar bars;
  - d. Gymnasiums; and
  - e. Movie and performance theaters, opera houses, concert halls, and music halls.
2. The following conditions apply to places of public accommodation subject to this Order:
  - a. Places of public accommodation are encouraged to offer food and beverage using delivery service, window service, curbside delivery, drive-through service, or drive-up service, and to use precautions in doing so to mitigate the potential transmission of COVID-19, including social distancing. Online and telephonic credit card transactions are strongly encouraged (e.g. Venmo, Squarecash, Googlepay, Apple Pay and similar payment apps).
  - b. Staff who handle cash or credit cards may not be involved in the preparation, handling, or delivery of food.
  - c. For hotel restaurants, food items may **only** be delivered as room service or as described above.
  - d. Management shall ensure, on a daily basis, that no employee who presents symptoms of illness will be permitted to work.
3. For clarity, this Order does not apply to any of the following:
  - a. Places of public accommodation that offer food and beverage not for on-premises consumption, including grocery stores, markets, retail stores that offer food, convenience stores, pharmacies, drug stores, and food pantries;

- b. Room service in hotels;
  - c. Health care facilities, residential care facilities, congregate care facilities, and juvenile justice facilities;
  - d. Crisis shelters or similar institutions;
  - e. Airport concessionaires; and
  - f. Any emergency facilities necessary for the response to the events surrounding the public health emergency and state of emergency caused by COVID-19.
4. All child care centers and home daycares are ordered closed, subject to the following:
- a. Child care centers or home daycares that provide care for children of essential personnel may continue to operate to provide child care for children of essential personnel. Essential personnel includes:
    - i. Staff and providers of childcare and education services, including custodial and kitchen staff and other support staff, who do not do their work remotely;
    - ii. Providers of healthcare including, but not limited to, employees of clinics, hospitals, nursing homes, long-term care and post-acute care facilities, respite houses, designated agencies, emergency medical services, as well as necessary custodial, kitchen, administrative, and other support staff;
    - iii. Criminal justice personnel including those in law enforcement, courts, and correctional services;
    - iv. Public health employees;
    - v. Firefighters, Wyoming National Guard personnel called to duty for responding to COVID-19, and other first responders;
    - vi. State employees determined to be essential for response to the COVID-19 crisis;
    - vii. Active duty military staff;
    - viii. Pharmacy staff;
    - ix. Foster families with children through grade 8;
    - x. 2-1-1 and 9-1-1 call center staff; critical infrastructure and utility workers, including electrical, plumbing, telecommunications, water, and wastewater operators, workers, and staff;
    - xi. State, municipal, and commercial public works and sanitation crews;
    - xii. Grocery and food supply workers;
    - xiii. Supply chain, postal, and delivery drivers and warehouse workers;
    - xiv. Manufacturers of medical devices, equipment, testing equipment, and supplies; and
    - xv. Fuel distribution workers.

- b. In circumstances where a child care center or home daycare remains open, the center or home is required to have fewer than 10 people in a room or together at any time, including for meals or recreation.
  - c. Further, a child care center or home daycare that remains open is required to follow all health guidelines from the CDC and Wyoming Department of Health for limiting the risk of transmission of COVID-19, to the extent possible when caring for children.
  - d. As childcare is a critical part of the infrastructure of Wyoming, allowing essential systems to function, in the event a county health officer wants to close a childcare facility under the direction and supervision of the State Health Officer, the County Health Officer shall work with local childcare providers to make available limited childcare services for essential personnel, as described above.
5. All K-12 schools shall not hold in person classes until no sooner than May 1 unless an exception is granted under paragraph 8 below. Staff and teachers may continue to work in school buildings to facilitate adaptive learning/instruction or to complete administrative tasks as directed by school superintendents. Food may still be prepared to be made available to those in need, as directed by school superintendents.
  6. All colleges, universities, and trade schools shall not hold in person classes until no sooner than May 1, 2020 unless an exception is granted under paragraph 8 below. Staff and teachers may continue to work in facility buildings to facilitate adaptive learning/instruction or to complete administrative tasks. Food may still be prepared to be made available to those in need.
  7. This Order supersedes all previous individual county orders authorized by the Wyoming State Health Officer under Wyoming Statute § 35-1-240(a)(iv). To the extent the county order is more restrictive, the more restrictive provisions still apply.
  8. Exceptions to the closures in paragraphs 1-6 may be granted, at the discretion of the County Health Officer, under the direction and supervision of the State Health Officer, if demonstrated, in writing, to the County Health Officer that effective cleaning and safety measures are implemented.

As the State Health Officer, I specifically deem this Order necessary to protect the public health. *See* Wyo. Stat. Ann. § 35-1-240(a)(iv). I will reassess the necessity of this Order as appropriate to do so and according to accepted epidemiological and medical standards. Any person or legal entity that violates this Order shall be subject to criminal prosecution under Wyo. Stat. Ann. §§ 35-1-105 and -106.

DATED THIS 3 DAY OF April, 2020.

  
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Alexia Harrist  
Wyoming State Health Officer

## SECOND CONTINUATION OF STATEWIDE PUBLIC HEALTH ORDER #2: FORBIDDING GATHERINGS OF TEN (10) PEOPLE OR MORE

In an effort to stop the spread of the coronavirus (COVID-19), the Wyoming Department of Health finds it necessary to protect the health of the public by implementing emergency measures, in accordance with the White House Guidelines, to forbid gatherings of ten (10) people or more, with certain exceptions. This Order is effective immediately, and shall remain in effect through April 30, 2020, unless the Wyoming Department of Health revokes or extends this Order before April 30, 2020.

### FINDINGS

1. COVID-19 was first detected in Wuhan, China in 2019, and since then has spread to over 60 countries including the United States. There are 150 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in Wyoming as of April 2, 2020, as well as the presence of community spread. It is expected that more cases will be diagnosed.
2. COVID-19 is a respiratory illness, transmitted through person-to-person contact or by contact with surfaces contaminated with the virus. Persons infected with COVID-19 may become symptomatic two to fourteen days after exposure. The symptoms of COVID-19 include fever, cough, and shortness of breath. In some cases, COVID-19 can result in severe disease including hospitalization, admission to an intensive care unit, and death, especially among older adults and persons with serious underlying health conditions.
3. The World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a worldwide pandemic as of March 11, 2020.
4. On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared a national emergency concerning the coronavirus, specifically stating that, in "December 2019 a novel (new) coronavirus known as SARS-CoV-2 ("the virus") was first detected in Wuhan, Hubei Province, People's Republic of China, causing outbreaks of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) that has now spread globally [...] The spread of COVID-19 within our Nation's communities threatens to strain our Nation's healthcare systems. [...] Additional measures [...] are needed to successfully contain and combat the virus in the United States."
5. On March 13, 2020, Wyoming Governor Mark Gordon declared a State of Emergency and Public Health Emergency in the State of Wyoming, stating that on March 11, 2020, an individual within the State of Wyoming tested presumptive positive for COVID-19 and the State of Wyoming is experiencing a public health emergency in response to the evolving COVID-19 outbreak.
6. Governor Gordon's Declaration of a State of Emergency and Public Health Emergency directs the Wyoming Department of Health to take all appropriate and necessary actions, and that in the judgment of the Director of the Wyoming Department of Health, any actions necessary should be taken to provide aid to those locations where there is a threat or danger to public health, safety, and welfare.

7. The guidelines issued from the White House on March 16, 2020, specify that with evidence of community transmission within a state, bars, restaurants, food courts, gyms, and other indoor and outdoor venues where groups of people congregate should be closed. The guidelines further specify that social gatherings of ten (10) people or more should be avoided.
8. A significant number of Wyoming citizens are at risk of serious health complications, including death, from COVID-19. Although most individuals who contract COVID-19 do not become seriously ill, people with mild symptoms, and even asymptomatic persons with COVID-19, place other vulnerable members of the public at significant risk.
9. Counties in Wyoming have requested orders of this kind following the White House guidelines, and the best manner of protecting the health of the citizens of Wyoming is through a consistent order spanning the entire State.
10. A large number of persons with serious infections may compromise the ability of healthcare systems in Wyoming to deliver the necessary healthcare to the public.
11. Wyoming Statute §§ 35-1-240(a)(i) and (iv) provides all the rights and powers for the Wyoming Department of Health, through the State Health Officer, Dr. Alexia Harrist, M.D., PhD, or under her directive through other employees of the Wyoming Department of Health, to forbid gatherings of people when necessary to protect public health.
12. In addition to the above findings, stopping the spread of COVID-19 includes washing your hands often, practicing social distancing by avoiding close contact with others, staying at least six feet away from someone who is ill or showing signs of illness, avoiding touching your face, eyes, nose and mouth, and covering your cough or sneeze into your elbow or by using a tissue.

### ORDER

1. Gatherings of ten (10) people or more are prohibited in order to help stop the spread of COVID-19 and protect the health of the public.
2. "Gatherings" are any planned or spontaneous event, public or private, bringing together, or likely bringing together, ten (10) people or more in a single room or a single confined space (whether indoor or outdoor) at the same time.
3. Gatherings at the following are exempted from this Order:
  - a. Hotels and motels for lodging purposes;
  - b. Livestock auctions;
  - c. Groups of workers being transported to a location for their jobs;
  - d. Government business, military and National Guard facilities, law enforcement, jails, secure treatment centers, and correctional facilities, including any facility operated by

the Wyoming Department of Corrections, and any facility used to respond to natural disasters or public health emergencies;

- e. State and local government facilities, including government service centers;
  - f. Relief facilities, including food pantries and shelter facilities;
  - g. Residential buildings;
  - h. Grocery stores, markets, convenience stores, pharmacies, drug stores;
  - i. Truck stops, gas stations, and auto-repair facilities;
  - j. Retail or business establishments, where more than ten (10) people may be present but are generally not within six (6) feet of one another;
  - k. Healthcare facilities, including hospitals, medical facilities, home health agencies, personal care agencies, hospices, adult family homes, mental health centers, and pharmacies;
  - l. Alcohol and drug treatment centers; and
  - m. Long-term care and assisted living facilities, including nursing homes and assisted living facilities, as long as the facility complies with guidance and directives from the CDC, the Wyoming Department of Health, and appropriate licensing and regulatory agencies.
4. Any gathering not covered by this Order should follow the public health recommendations of the Centers for Disease Control and the Wyoming Department of Health, including washing your hands often with soap and water, practicing social distancing by avoiding close contact with others including meetings over ten (10) people, avoiding touching your face, eyes, nose and mouth, and covering your cough or sneeze into your elbow or by using a tissue.
  5. Additional exceptions to the prohibitions in this Order may be granted, at the discretion of the County Health Officer, under the direction and supervision of the State Health Officer, if demonstrated, in writing, to the County Health Officer that people at a gathering will maintain at least six (6) feet of space between one another, and that effective cleaning will be performed before and after the gathering.
  6. This Order supplements the statewide public health order titled Second Continuation of Statewide Public Health Order Closing of Bars, Restaurants, Theaters, Gymnasiums, Child Care Facilities, K-12 Schools, Colleges, Universities, and Trade Schools dated April 3, 2020.
  7. This Order supersedes all previous individual county orders authorized by the Wyoming State Health Officer under Wyo. Stat. Ann. § 35-1-240(a)(iv). To the extent any county order is more restrictive, the more restrictive provisions of the county order shall continue to apply.

As the State Health Officer, I deem this Order necessary to protect the public health. *See* Wyo. Stat. Ann. § 35-1-240(a)(iv). I will reassess the necessity of this Order as appropriate to do so and according to accepted epidemiological and medical standards. Any person or legal entity that violates this Order shall be subject to criminal prosecution under Wyo. Stat. Ann. §§ 35-1-105 and -106.

DATED THIS 3 DAY OF April, 2020.



\_\_\_\_\_  
Alexia Harrist  
Wyoming State Health Officer

**SECOND CONTINUATION OF STATEWIDE PUBLIC HEALTH ORDER #3:  
TEMPORARY CLOSURE OF NAIL SALONS, HAIR SALONS, BARBER SHOPS,  
MESSAGE THERAPY SERVICES, TATTOO, BODY ART AND PIERCING SHOPS,  
AND COSMETOLOGY, ELECTROLOGY, AND ESTHETIC SERVICES**

In an effort to stop the spread of the coronavirus (COVID-19), the Wyoming Department of Health finds it necessary to protect the health of the public by implementing emergency measures to impose temporary closures as described below because the nature of these services poses an increased risk to the spread of COVID-19. This Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect through April 30, 2020, unless the Wyoming Department of Health revokes or extends this Order before April 30, 2020.

**FINDINGS**

1. COVID-19 was first detected in Wuhan, China in 2019, and since then has spread to over 60 countries including the United States. There are 150 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in Wyoming as of April 2, 2020, as well as the presence of community spread. It is expected that more cases will be diagnosed.
2. COVID-19 is a respiratory illness, transmitted through person-to-person contact or by contact with surfaces contaminated with the virus. Persons infected with COVID-19 may become symptomatic two to fourteen days after exposure. The symptoms of COVID-19 include fever, cough, and shortness of breath. In some cases, COVID-19 can result in severe disease, including hospitalization, admission to an intensive care unit, and death, especially among older adults and persons with serious underlying health conditions.
3. The World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a worldwide pandemic as of March 11, 2020.
4. On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared a national emergency concerning the coronavirus, specifically stating that, in "December 2019 a novel (new) coronavirus known as SARS-CoV-2 ("the virus") was first detected in Wuhan, Hubei Province, People's Republic of China, causing outbreaks of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) that has now spread globally [...] The spread of COVID-19 within our Nation's communities threatens to strain our Nation's healthcare systems. [...] Additional measures [...] are needed to successfully contain and combat the virus in the United States."
5. On March 13, 2020, Wyoming Governor Mark Gordon declared a State of Emergency and Public Health Emergency in the State of Wyoming, stating that on March 11, 2020, an individual within the State of Wyoming tested presumptive positive for COVID-19 and the State of Wyoming is experiencing a public health emergency in response to the evolving COVID-19 outbreak.
6. Governor Gordon's Declaration of a State of Emergency and Public Health Emergency directs the Wyoming Department of Health to take all appropriate and necessary actions, and that in the judgment of the Director of the Wyoming Department of Health, any actions

necessary should be taken to provide aid to those locations where there is a threat or danger to public health, safety, and welfare.

7. A significant number of Wyoming citizens are at risk of serious health complications, including death, from COVID-19. Although most individuals who contract COVID-19 do not become seriously ill, people with mild symptoms, and even asymptomatic persons with COVID-19, place other vulnerable members of the public at significant risk.
8. A large number of persons with serious infections may compromise the ability of healthcare systems in Wyoming to deliver the necessary healthcare to the public.
9. Wyoming Statute §§ 35-1-240(a)(i), (ii), and (iv) provides all the rights and powers for the Wyoming Department of Health, through the State Health Officer, Dr. Alexia Harrist, M.D., PhD, or under her directive through other employees of the Wyoming Department of Health, to close certain public places when necessary to protect public health.
10. In addition to the above findings, stopping the spread of COVID-19 includes washing your hands often, practicing social distancing by avoiding close contact with others, staying at least six feet away from someone who is ill or showing signs of illness, avoiding touching your face, eyes, nose and mouth, and covering your cough or sneeze into your elbow or by using a tissue.

### ORDER

1. Pursuant to Wyoming Statute §§ 35-1-240(a)(i), (ii), and (iv), effective immediately and continuing through April 30, 2020, unless revoked or extended by the Wyoming Department of Health before April 30, 2020, the following are ordered closed to members of the public in order to help stop the spread of COVID-19:
  - a. Nail salons, hair salons, and barber shops;
  - b. Cosmetology, electrology, and esthetic services;
  - c. Massage therapy services (excluding massage performed for medical purposes); and
  - d. Tattoo, body art, and piercing shops.
2. The restrictions imposed by this Order do not prohibit owners, employees, contractors, vendors, or suppliers of the services listed above from entering, exiting, or occupying that place of business in their professional capacity, so long as the business or service is not offered to the public and so long as occupants abide by recommendations from the Wyoming Department of Health and the CDC to further mitigate the spread of COVID-19.
3. Additional exceptions to the closures within this Order may be granted, at the discretion of the County Health Officer, under the direction and supervision of the State Health Officer, if demonstrated, in writing, to the County Health Officer that effective cleaning and safety measures are implemented by the service provider.

4. This Order supplements previous statewide public health orders. (See Second Continuation of Statewide Public Health Order Closing Bars, Restaurants, Theaters, Gymnasiums, Child Care Facilities, K-12 Schools, Colleges, Universities, and Trade Schools Statewide, entered April 3, 2020; and Second Continuation of Statewide Public Health Order #2: Forbidding Gatherings of Ten (10) People or More, dated April 3, 2020).
5. This Order supersedes all previous individual county orders authorized by the Wyoming State Health Officer under Wyo. Stat. Ann. § 35-1-240(a)(iv). To the extent any county order is more restrictive, the more restrictive provisions of the county order shall continue to apply.

As the State Health Officer, I deem this Order necessary to protect the public health. See Wyo. Stat. Ann. § 35-1-240(a)(iv). I will reassess the necessity of this Order as appropriate to do so and according to accepted epidemiological and medical standards. Any person or legal entity that violates this Order shall be subject to criminal prosecution under Wyo. Stat. Ann. §§ 35-1-105 and -106.

DATED THIS 3 DAY OF April, 2020.

  
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Alexia Harrist  
Wyoming State Health Officer



STATE OF WYOMING  
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT  
EXECUTIVE ORDER

Order 2020-5

**RESTAURANT/BAR & GRILL EMERGENCY LIQUOR SERVICE**

**WHEREAS**, the people of the State of Wyoming are faced with a state of emergency due to the global outbreak of a novel coronavirus named COVID-19; and

**WHEREAS**, I, Mark Gordon, Governor of the State of Wyoming, declaring a State of Emergency and Public Health Emergency in the State of Wyoming on March 3, 2020 (Executive Order 2020-2); and

**WHEREAS**, on March 19, 2020, the Wyoming State Health Officer, Alexia Harrist, issued a Statewide Public Health Order Closing Bars, Restaurants, Theaters, Gymnasiums, Child Care Facilities, K-12 Schools, Colleges, Universities, and Trade Schools Statewide. Under this Order, restaurants may still offer window service, walk-up service, drive-through service, or drive-up service; and

**WHEREAS**, a number of businesses throughout the state possess either a Restaurant or a Bar & Grill liquor license, granted under Wyoming Statutes §§12-4-407 and/or 413, for purposes of selling alcoholic beverages along with food service. However, under those licenses, alcoholic beverages are limited to on-premise consumption at the business; and

**WHEREAS**, restaurants and bars & grills throughout the state, due to the emergency, are suffering severe economic deprivations which may be relieved by allowing these licensed businesses to offer alcoholic beverages for off -premise consumption; and

**WHEREAS**, the State of Wyoming has the ability, through an executive order, to make emergency changes to the policies of the Liquor Division of the Wyoming Department of Revenue, so as to encourage economic stability through the operation of liquor licenses.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Constitution and by the laws of the State of Wyoming, I, Mark Gordon, do hereby order, declare, and direct:

1. A state of emergency was declared in Wyoming on March 3, 2020 (Executive Order 2020-2).
2. Businesses which possess a Restaurant or Bar & Grill liquor license, granted under Wyoming Statutes §§12-4-407 and/or 413, are permitted to sell limited off-premise

malt beverages and wines with the following conditions and are hereby authorized to allow for take-out and/or curbside pickup:

- a. The alcohol sale must be made on the same receipt or transaction as the accompanying food sale; and
- b. The total alcohol purchase price may not exceed 49% of the total pre-tax ticket price of the entire order; and
- c. Alcohol must be in its original, sealed container; and
- d. Alcohol sales fall under the same age restrictions and other requirements as all other alcohol sales in this state; and
- e. Alcohol sales must be made at regular menu prices as were in effect by the business on March 18, 2020, with no further discounts; and
- f. Alcohol sales are limited to no more than 750 milliliters of wine or no more than 48 ounces of malt beverage; and
- g. The business must notify local law enforcement that they are temporarily selling off-premise and provide a menu price list; and
- h. Completion of the alcohol portion of the sale must occur within the licensed building (or through a phone or internet order directly received within the licensed building). Orders must be placed using a credit card, debit or other electronic payment at the business location.
- i. This Executive Order, and its provisions, only apply to take-out and/or curbside pickup directly at the licensed business location.

Be it further ordered, the Executive Order shall expire upon the conclusion of the emergency, but no later than midnight, April 17, 2020.

This Executive Order is effective midnight March 30, 2020.

Given under my hand and the Executive Seal of the State of Wyoming this 30th day of March 2020.

  
Mark Gordon  
Governor



Angela Williams <angelaw@gillettewy.gov>

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## Fwd: Update on 2020 Census Field Operations

1 message

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**ADMN ADMN** <admngillettewy.gov>  
To: Angela Williams <angelaw@gillettewy.gov>

Tue, Mar 31, 2020 at 2:29 PM

For GI

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **U.S. Census Bureau** <ocia.iao@census.gov>  
Date: Sat, Mar 28, 2020 at 4:58 PM  
Subject: Update on 2020 Census Field Operations  
To: Louise Carter-King <admngillettewy.gov>



United States™  
**Census**  
Bureau

**Office of Congressional and Intergovernmental Affairs**  
**Intergovernmental Affairs Office**

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### [Update on 2020 Census Field Operations](#)

Based on continuing assessments of guidance from Federal, State and local health authorities, the Census Bureau is suspending 2020 Census field operations for two additional weeks to April 15, 2020. The Census Bureau is taking this step to help protect the health and safety of the American public, Census Bureau employees, and everyone who will go through the hiring process for temporary census taker positions.

The Census Bureau continues to evaluate all 2020 Census field operations, and will communicate any further updates as soon as possible.

The 2020 Census is open for self-response online at [2020Census.gov](https://2020Census.gov), over the [phone](#) by calling the number provided in your invitation, and by paper through the mail.

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United States®  
Census  
2020

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## About the Intergovernmental Affairs Office

The Intergovernmental Affairs Office (IAO) works with Tribal, state, county, and local governments both directly and through the national and regional organizations that advocate on their behalf to share information about U.S. Census programs and products. IAO encourages supportive policy development by intergovernmental and tribal associations, serving as a conduit by which these associations and governments communicate their concerns to the Census Bureau. For more information on Census Bureau programs, please contact us at (301) 763-6100 or by email at [ocia.iao@census.gov](mailto:ocia.iao@census.gov).

Sincerely,

Alan Lang  
Deputy Chief, Congressional and Intergovernmental Affairs  
U.S. Census Bureau



U.S. Department of Commerce  
Economics and Statistics Administration  
U.S. CENSUS BUREAU  
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**Contact Information**  
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U.S. Small Business  
Administration

## SBA Disaster Assistance in Response to the Coronavirus

- The U.S. Small Business Administration is offering designated states and territories low-interest federal disaster loans for working capital to small businesses suffering substantial economic injury as a result of the Coronavirus (COVID-19). Upon a request received from a state's or territory's Governor, SBA will issue under its own authority, as provided by the Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Appropriations Act that was recently signed by the President, an Economic Injury Disaster Loan declaration.
- Any such Economic Injury Disaster Loan assistance declaration issued by the SBA makes loans available **statewide** to small businesses and private, non-profit organizations to help alleviate economic injury caused by the Coronavirus (COVID-19).
- SBA's Office of Disaster Assistance will coordinate with the state's or territory's Governor to submit the request for Economic Injury Disaster Loan assistance.
- Once a declaration is made, the information on the application process for Economic Injury Disaster Loan assistance will be made available to affected small businesses within the state.
- SBA's Economic Injury Disaster Loans offer up to \$2 million in assistance and can provide vital economic support to small businesses to help overcome the temporary loss of revenue they are experiencing.
- These loans may be used to pay fixed debts, payroll, accounts payable and other bills that can't be paid because of the disaster's impact. The interest rate is 3.75% for small businesses. The interest rate for non-profits is 2.75%.
- SBA offers loans with long-term repayments in order to keep payments affordable, up to a maximum of 30 years. Terms are determined on a case-by-case basis, based upon each borrower's ability to repay.
- SBA's Economic Injury Disaster Loans are just one piece of the expanded focus of the federal government's coordinated response, and the SBA is strongly committed to providing the most effective and customer-focused response possible.
- For additional information, please visit [SBA.gov/disaster](https://www.sba.gov/disaster).
- For questions, please contact the SBA disaster assistance customer service center at 1-800-659-2955 (TTY: 1-800-877-8339) or e-mail [disastercustomerservice@sba.gov](mailto:disastercustomerservice@sba.gov).



U.S. Small Business  
Administration



## The Three Step Process: Disaster Loans

### About Disaster Loans

The U. S. Small Business Administration (SBA) provides low-interest, long-term disaster loans to businesses of all sizes, private non-profit organizations, homeowners, and renters to repair or replace uninsured/underinsured disaster damaged property. SBA disaster loans offer an affordable way for individuals and businesses to recover from declared disasters.

#### STEP 1: Apply for Loan

- Apply: 1) online; 2) in-person at a disaster center; or 3) by mail.
- Apply online at the SBA's secure website [disasterloan.sba.gov/ela](https://disasterloan.sba.gov/ela).
- As a business of any size, you may borrow up to \$2 million for physical damage.
- As a small business, small agricultural cooperative, small business engaged in aquaculture, or private non-profit organization you may borrow up to \$2 million for Economic Injury.
- As a small business, you may apply for a maximum business loan (physical and EIDL) of \$2 million.
- As a homeowner you may borrow up to \$200,000 to repair/replace your disaster damaged primary residence.
- As a homeowner or renter, you may borrow up to \$40,000 to repair/replace damaged personal property.

#### STEP 2: Property Verified and Loan Processing Decision Made

- SBA **reviews your credit** before conducting an inspection to verify your losses.
- An SBA verifier will **estimate** the total physical loss to your disaster damaged property.
- A loan officer will determine your **eligibility** during processing, after reviewing any insurance or other recoveries. SBA can make a loan while your insurance recovery is pending.
- A loan officer works with you to provide all the necessary information needed to reach a loan determination. Our goal is to arrive at a decision on your application within 2 - 3 weeks.
- A loan officer will contact you to discuss the loan recommendation and your next steps. You will also be advised in writing of all loan decisions.

#### STEP 3: Loan Closed and Funds Disbursed

- SBA will prepare and send your Loan Closing Documents to you for your signature.
- Once we receive your signed Loan Closing Documents, an initial disbursement will be made to you within 5 days:
  - Physical damage:
    - \$25,000
  - Economic injury (working capital):
    - \$25,000 (In addition to the Physical damage disbursement)
- A case manager will be assigned to work with you to help you meet all loan conditions. They will also schedule subsequent disbursements until you receive the full loan amount.
- Your loan may be adjusted after closing due to your changing circumstances, such as increasing the loan for unexpected repair costs or reducing the loan due to additional insurance proceeds.

For more information or to find a local disaster center, contact SBA's Customer Service Center at 1-800-659-2955 (TTY: 1-800-877-8339).

## Required Documentation

The following documents are required to process your application and reach a loan decision. Your Loan Officer and Case Manager will assist you to ensure that you submit the proper documentation. Approval decision and disbursement of loan funds is dependent on receipt of your documentation.

BUSINESSES	HOMEOWNERS AND RENTERS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Business Loan Application (SBA Form 5) completed and signed by business applicant.</li> <li>• IRS Form 4506-T completed and signed by Applicant business, each principal owning 20% or more of the applicant business, each general partner or managing member and, for any owner who has more than a 50% ownership in an affiliate business. (Affiliates include business parent, subsidiaries, and/or businesses with common ownership or management).</li> <li>• Complete copies, including all schedules, of the most recent Federal income tax returns for the applicant business; an explanation if not available.</li> <li>• Personal Financial Statement (SBA Form 413) completed, signed and dated by the applicant (if a sole proprietorship), each principal owning 20% or more of the applicant business, each general partner or managing member.</li> <li>• Schedule of Liabilities listing all fixed debts (SBA Form 2202 may be used).</li> </ul> <p><b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THAT MAY BE NECESSARY TO PROCESS YOUR APPLICATION:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Complete copies, including all schedules, of the most recent Federal income tax returns for each principal owning 20% or more of the applicant business, each general partner or managing member, and each affiliate when any owner has more than a 50% ownership in the affiliate business. Affiliates include, but are not limited to, business parents, subsidiaries, and/or other businesses with common ownership or management.</li> <li>• If the most recent Federal income tax return has not been filed, a year-end profit and loss statement and balance sheet for that tax year is acceptable.</li> <li>• A current year-to-date profit and loss statement.</li> <li>• Additional Filing Requirements (SBA Form 1368) providing monthly sales figures.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Home Loan Application (SBA Form 5c) completed and signed by Applicant and Co-Applicant.</li> <li>• IRS Form 4506-T completed and signed by Applicant and Co-Applicant.</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>APPLY FOR ASSISTANCE AT</b>  <a href="http://disasterloan.sba.gov/ela">disasterloan.sba.gov/ela</a></p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p><b>Or Call</b></p> <p><a href="tel:1-800-659-2955">1-800-659-2955</a> (SBA Customer Service Center)</p> <p><a href="tel:1-800-877-8339">1-800-877-8339</a> (TTY: Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing)</p> </div>

For more information or to find a local disaster center, contact SBA's Customer Service Center at 1-800-659-2955 (TTY: 1-800-877-8339).

## SBA Office of Disaster Assistance EIDL Loans for COVID-19

Information for the loan program for SBA's Office of Disaster Assistance at:

[www.sba.gov/disaster](http://www.sba.gov/disaster)

Small businesses and most private nonprofits can also go directly to the electronic application at: <https://disasterloan.sba.gov/> then click on blue circle titled: "Apply Online"

1. Interest rates are 3.75 fixed for small businesses, 2.75 fixed for nonprofits, 30-year terms, 1<sup>st</sup> payment deferred until the 12<sup>th</sup> month from the note date.
2. No cost to apply, no need to know how much they need when they apply, no obligation to take any money if approved, take only the amount approved for that they need to survive the recovery period.
3. If they get approved, and find that they still need more over a longer recovery period than expected, they can request an increase. No prepayment penalty.
4. If they get stuck while trying to apply online, they can call for help to Customer Service Center at 1 (800) 659-2955, Wait times may be long, but agency is hiring as fast as possible!
5. Completed Applications with supporting documents requested are processed on a first come, first served basis. Apply now!!

CONUS DISASTER BUSINESS LOAN APPLICATION Filing Requirements:

FOR ALL APPLICATIONS THE FOLLOWING ITEMS MUST BE SUBMITTED.

- Loan application (SBA Form 5), completed and signed (this is electronic/online in the portal)
- Tax Information Authorization (IRS Form 4506-T), completed and signed by each applicant, each principal owning 20 percent or more of the applicant business, each general partner or managing member; and, for any owner who has more than 50 percent ownership in an affiliate business. Affiliates include, but are not limited to, business parents, subsidiaries, and/or other businesses with common ownership or management
- Complete copies, including all schedules, of the most recently filed Federal income tax returns for the applicant business, an explanation if not available
- Personal Financial Statement (SBA Form 413) completed, signed, and dated by the applicant, each principal owning 20 percent or more of the applicant business, and each general partner or managing member
- Schedule of Liabilities listing all fixed debts (SBA Form 2202 may be used)

All these forms are available in the Disaster Loan Application Portal, and a below link:

<https://disasterloan.sba.gov/ela/Information/PaperForms>



# Economic Summary: 4Q2019



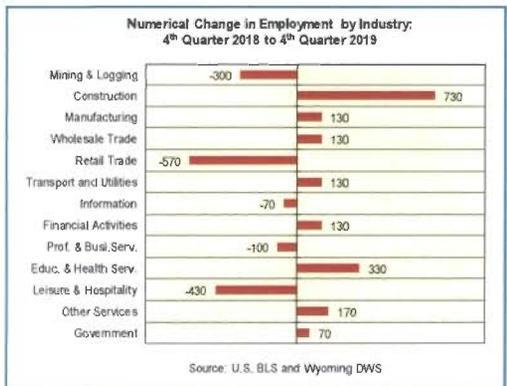
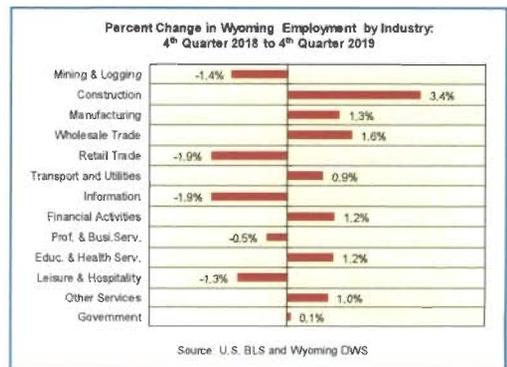
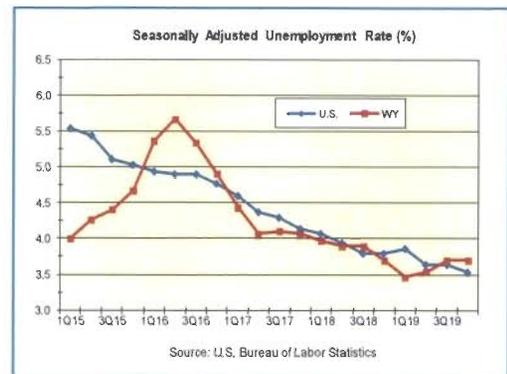
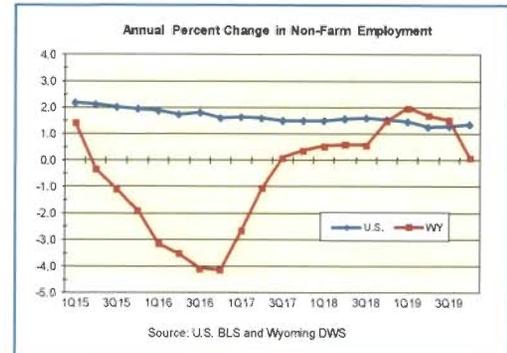
## Current Global and U.S. Economy

According to Moody's Analytics, COVID-19 has created a worldwide economic tsunami. The global economy was already engulfed in a serious downturn. Just how severe and how long the global pandemic will turn into is still highly uncertain, but it is clear that the more widespread and virulent the virus, the greater a global downturn. In the midst of the global pandemic, businesses worldwide are disrupted, and many schools and daycare centers are closed, making it difficult for parents to work. International travel and trade are impaired, and stock prices decline. Global central banks and governments are increasingly aggressive in responding to the health and economic crisis by slashing interest rates, engaging in additional quantitative easing, reducing capital requirements to their banks, appropriating funds to address the crisis, and providing discretionary fiscal stimulus that includes more government spending and tax cuts. The malicious virus is not only a personal health threat, but also a supply and demand shock to the economy.

The fallout from coronavirus pandemic is expected to have a significant negative impact on the U.S. economic prospects. Millions of jobs will be lost and the drop in economic output may surpass a trillion dollars in 2020. A recession is now all but certain, according to leading economists across the country, including Wall Street Journal survey of 34 economists, and the GDP could plunge in the second quarter. Nevertheless, the extent of the downturn remains unclear given uncertainties stemming from the unknown trajectory of the pandemic, volatility in financial markets, the unknown duration of various restrictions on routine economic activity, and the government response to the crisis.

## Employment

After the severe downturn in 2015 and 2016, Wyoming's economy experienced a year of strong rebound from the fourth quarter of 2018 to the third quarter of 2019. However, the recovery slowed down tremendously in the fourth quarter of 2019. Total employment barely grew (only 350 jobs) compared to one year earlier, much slower than the job growth rate for the U.S. The state's unemployment rate remained at 3.7 percent, slightly higher than the national average. Job gains occurred in most industrial sectors. The construction industry added the largest number of jobs, mainly due to activities in utility construction such as oil pipelines and wind power projects. Manufacturing, wholesale trade, financial activities, and private education & health services experienced moderate growth, about 1.0 percent, respectively. Employment in services where a large number of jobs are located such as retail trade and leisure & hospitality showed larger losses in a year-over-year comparison. The state's pivotal industry, mining (including oil & gas extraction), lost 300 jobs, or 1.4 percent from the previous year.



## Personal Income and Earnings

Wyoming's total personal income grew 4.2 percent in the fourth quarter of 2019 from the previous year, slower than the previous quarter. U.S. personal income increased 4.1 percent during the same period. Personal income is the income received by all residents from all sources. It is the sum of wage & salary and proprietors' earnings; property income (dividends, interest, and rent); and personal transfer receipts such as Social Security Income, Medicare and Medicaid benefits, veterans benefits, and other income benefits and assistance. Total earnings in the state grew 5.4 percent annually in the quarter, while property income and transfer receipts increased 0.4 and 7.5 percent, each. Earnings in most sectors demonstrated expansions from a year ago, led by the farm sector's growth rate of 129.8 percent. Construction also showed strong growth of 14.8 percent. The mining industry experienced a moderate increase from the previous year.

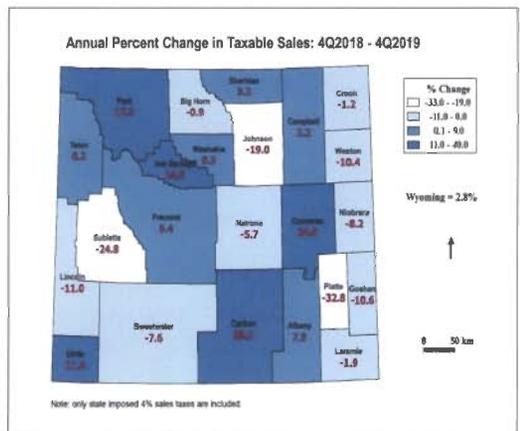
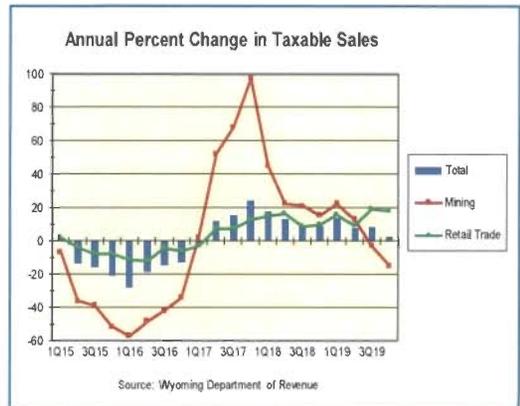
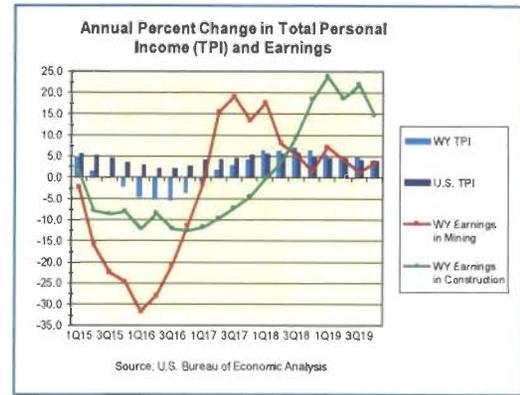
## Housing

The statewide home price increased 5.8 percent in the fourth quarter of 2019 from one year ago, slightly lower than the pace for the previous quarter, while the national average price appreciation slowed down to 5.1 percent during the same period. In Wyoming, single-family building permits for new privately-owned residential construction in the fourth quarter of 2019 were 6.0 percent higher than the previous year level. Both mortgage delinquency rates and foreclosure rates in December were lower than last year, according to CoreLogic.

The U.S. house price appreciation remained the same after decelerating in six consecutive quarters on an annual basis. The decline in mortgage rates, down more than one percentage point for fixed-rate loans from last year, has supported rise in sales activities and home prices. Still, many households are facing affordability challenges because of the sharp run-up in prices over the past several years. The supply-side constraints on the housing market remain tight, and inventory-to-sales ratio for existing homes are still extremely low. However, the sharp downtick in both near-term housing demand and supply will mirror the economic shock inflicted by COVID-19.

## Taxable Sales

Based on sales and use tax collections, total taxable sales in the state grew 2.8 percent to \$4.9 billion in the fourth quarter of 2019. Increases occurred in most economic industries, with double-digit growth rates in wholesale trade and professional & business services. Information and automotive, machinery and equipment rental & leasing also experienced a year-over-year expansion of around 8.0 percent. The mining sector (including oil & gas extraction), however, contracted 14.9 percent due to declining sales of equipment, supplies, and services from energy exploration and production activity, and this was the largest year-over-year drop since the fourth quarter of 2016 – before the economic recovery. The utilities and construction sectors, which are closely related to mineral development and production, also showed significant decreases of over 10.0 percent, respectively.



The retail trade industry, the largest in terms of sales tax contribution, grew 18.0 percent. However, this strong increase was mostly attributed to the increasing number of tax submissions from remote sellers. Across the state, 10 out of 23 counties experienced increases in taxable sales, led by Carbon County's 89.7 percent, followed by the 24.8 percent in Converse. Platte and Sublette counties suffered the largest declines, -32.8 and -24.8 percent, each, possibly reflecting a slowdown in conventional natural gas exploration and pipeline construction.

### Tourism

The number of recreational visitations to Yellowstone National Park reached 212,473 in the fourth quarter of 2019, down 16.4 percent from the previous year, while 281,052 visits in Grand Teton National Park showed a decrease of 6.6 percent. Visitation figures in 2016 were the highest ever, due mostly to the national parks' centennial celebration.

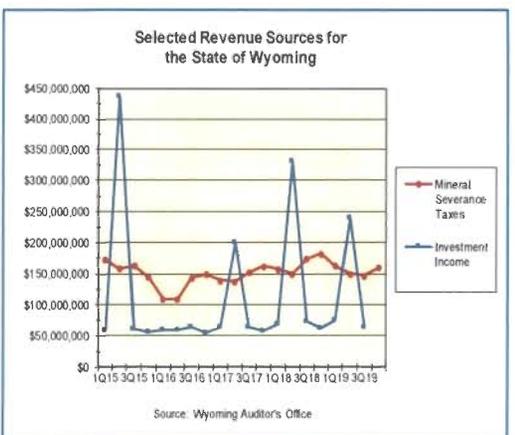
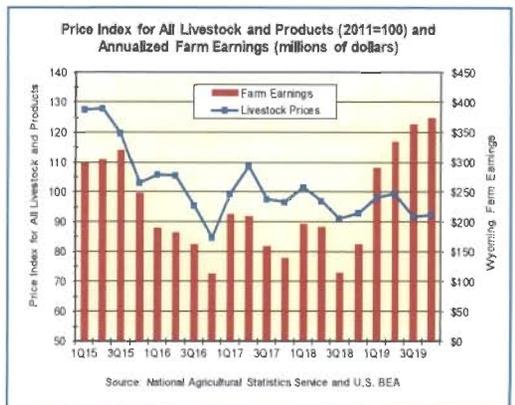
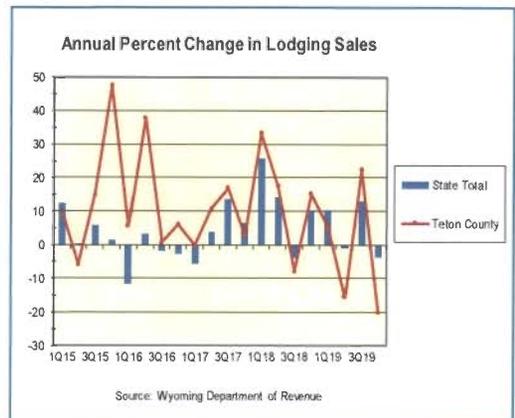
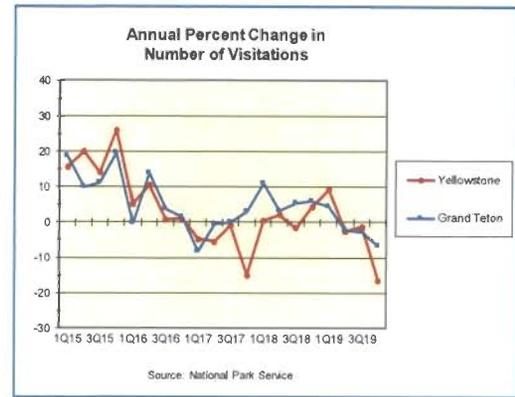
Lodging sales for the fourth quarter were 20.1 percent lower than a year ago in Teton County, and were down 3.6 percent for the state as a whole. Visitation to the state during the August 21, 2017 solar eclipse probably compromised the comparison for the third quarter of 2018. In general, the primary drivers for the fluctuation in lodging sales are visitations to the national parks and mineral activities in the state, but the sales change in Teton County's winter season is mostly driven by ski activities.

### Agriculture

The index of prices received by farmers for all U.S. livestock and products remained the same in the fourth quarter of 2019, but the price level was slightly lower than a year ago. Between the fourth quarter of 2014 and 2016, farm earnings in Wyoming experienced a dramatic downward trend amid strong supply and weak global demand for beef products, but they have stabilized since then, and even accelerated in 2019. The January 1, 2020 inventory of all cattle and calves in Wyoming totaled 1.32 million head, up 2 percent from the January 1, 2019 inventory, according to the Cattle Survey by the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Beef cows, at 724,000 head, were up 10,000 from the previous year. Milk cows were unchanged from last year at 6,000 head. Wyoming's 2019 calf crop, at 670,000 head, is unchanged from 2018.

### Revenue

The amount of investment income distributed to the state general fund, including income from the Permanent Wyoming Mineral Trust Fund and state agency pooled income accounts, was not available for the fourth quarter of 2019, but was 13.0 percent lower from the third quarter of 2018 to the third quarter of 2019. The huge boosts in second quarters were due to the net realized capital gains being distributed at the end of each fiscal year, which ends on June 30. The \$160.4 million in mineral severance taxes generated in the fourth quarter of 2019 was higher than the previous quarter, but it was a decline of 12.2 percent compared to the fourth quarter of 2018.





Angela Williams <angelaw@gillettewy.gov>

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## Fwd: Shopping guidelines at Walmart Grocery Stores

1 message

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ADMN ADMN <admn@gillettewy.gov>  
To: Angela Williams <angelaw@gillettewy.gov>

Wed, Apr 1, 2020 at 7:46 AM

For GI

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Deborah Herron** <deborah.herron@walmart.quorum.us>  
Date: Tue, Mar 31, 2020 at 7:38 PM  
Subject: Shopping guidelines at Walmart Grocery Stores  
To: Louise Carter-King <admn@gillettewy.gov>

Good evening and hoping you and your families are fairing well during these days as we all continue to do our part during this crisis to help flatten the curve.

Walmart remains focused on supporting our communities, associates and customers. As a part of that commitment, we have developed some shopping guidelines that we are encouraging residents to use when shopping for essential items they need for their families.

We will be promoting across all of our communication platforms these shopping guidelines to help customers protect themselves, their families and fellow shoppers. We also have a social media graphic to share as an easy reminder to residents about how to best shop for the essential items they need. Social distancing is the responsibility of everyone and when we shop, we must not endanger others.

**We are respectfully asking you to help promote and encourage all residents to follow these shopping guidelines:**

1. We are all responsible for keeping space: Keep at least six-feet between you and a fellow customer or associate -- *inside and outside the store*.
2. Shop patiently: Watch and wait for other customers to be done in an aisle to keep a six-foot distance.
3. Limit and consolidate shopping trips: have a list ready, get what you need, and quickly exit the store.
4. Shop alone: avoid having others with you when possible
5. Stay home when you don't feel well
6. Cover your mouth if you cough or sneeze
7. Wash and sanitize your hands before/after shopping
8. Shop online grocery store curbside pick-up or home delivery when possible

Thank you again for your continued support and leadership during this crisis. If there is anything we can do to support your efforts, please do not hesitate to contact me at any time.

Sincerely,

Debbie

**Debbie Herron**

Director, Public Affairs and State & Local Government Relations

**Walmart Inc.\* Save money. Live better.**

desk/mobile: 503-539-5333

Twitter: @debbieherron

[deborah.herron@walmart.com](mailto:deborah.herron@walmart.com)



Shopping Guidelines\_4.png  
205K

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## Shopping Guidelines

We are all responsible for keeping space: keep at least 6 feet between you and a fellow customer or associate – *inside and outside the store.*

Shop patiently: watch and wait for other customers to be done in an aisle to keep a six-foot distance.

Limit and consolidate shopping trips: have a list ready, get what you need, and quickly exit the store.

Shop alone: avoid having others with you when possible

Stay home when you don't feel well

Cover your mouth if you cough or sneeze

Wash and sanitize your hands before/after shopping

Shop online grocery store curbside pick-up or home delivery when possible